# IBPS RRB PO Prelims 2019 | Memory Based Paper | For Practice

## **REASONING ABILITY**

**Direction (1-5):** Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Nine persons i.e. P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W, X were born on different months i.e. January, March, April, May, July, August, September, October, November but not necessarily in same order.

Four persons were born between P and T. P was born before T. Q was born in the month of 30 days after July. T was born after Q and before R. There were as many persons born before X as after R. one person was born between U and V. S was born before U and after W.

- How many persons were born between X and V?
   (a) Two
   (b) Three
   (c) One
   (d) Four
   (e) More than four
- 2. Who among the following was born on August? (a) R (b) S (c) T (d) P (e) None of these
- In which of the following month S was born?
  (a) March
  (b) April
  (c) June
  (d) October
  (e) None of these
- 4. If W is related to April, V is related to July then, P is related to which of the following?
  (a) March
  (b) May
  (c) June
  (d) August
  (e) October
- Four of the following five are alike in certain way based from a group, find the one which does not belong to that group?
  (a) R
  (b) S
  (c) T

(a) R	(b) S
(d) U	(e) V

**Direction (6-10):** In each of the questions below are given some statements followed by two conclusions. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance with commonly known facts. Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the given statements disregarding commonly known facts.

- (a) If only conclusion I follows.
- (b) If only conclusion II follows.
- (c) If either conclusion I or II follows.
- (d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.
- (e) If both conclusions I and II follow.

 6. Statements: Only a few Palace is Home. All Home is Office. No Office is Building.
 Conclusion I. All Palace is Home is a possibility.

**II.** Some Palace is Building.

- **7. Statements:** All Men is Women. Some Child is Women. No Men is Boy.
  - **Conclusion I.** Some Men is Child. **II.** No Men is Child.
- 8. Statements: No Professor is Student. Only a few Student is Lecturer. All Lecturer is Principal.
  - **Conclusion I.** All Professor is Principal is a possibility.
    - **II.** All Student is Lecturer is a possibility.
- Statements: Only a few Palace is Home. All Home is Office. No Office is Building.
   Conclusion I. Some Home is Building. II. No Home is Building.

 10. Statements: No Professor is Student. Only a few Student is Lecturer. All Lecturer is Principal.
 Conclusion: I. Some Student is Principal. II. Some Lecturer is Professor.

**Direction (11-15):** Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Eight persons are sitting around a square table. Four persons are sitting at middle of the sides of the square and all are facing towards inside. Remaining four are sitting at corners and they face outside. Two persons are sitting between P and U. R who is an immediate neighbor of P, sits opposite to S. T sits 3<sup>rd</sup> to the right of V. W sits immediate right of T. Q faces W.

**11.** Who among the following sits opposite to T? (a) P (b) R (c) S

() -	(~)	· · ·
(d) W	(e) None of these	

- **12.** How many persons are sitting between P and V when counted from left of P?
  - (a) Two
  - (b) Three
  - (c) Four
  - (d) Either (a) or (c)
  - (e) None of these
- 13. What is the position of Q with respect to R?
  - (a) Immediate right
  - (b) Immediate left
  - (c)  $2^{nd}$  to the right
  - (d)  $2^{nd}$  to the left
  - (e) None of these
- **14.** Who among the following person sit 3<sup>rd</sup> to the right of Q?
  - (a) P (b) U (c) R
  - (d) S (e) None of these
- 15. Four of the following five are alike in certain way based from a group, find the one which does not belong to that group?(a) Q(b) R(c) S
  - (a) Q (b) R (d) T (e) U

**Direction (16-17):** Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Eight members are living in a family. Q is the only son of P. T is wife of U. T is sister of Q and R. V is daughter in law of W. S is son of T. W is the mother of Q.

- 16. How is S related to R?
  (a) Son
  (b) Daughter
  (c) Nephew
  (d) Niece
  (e) Can't be determined
- 17. How many male members are in the family?(a) Four(b) Five(c) Three(d) Six(e) None of these
- **18.** How many such numerals are there in the number '254136987' which will remain at the Same position when arranged in ascending order from left to right?
  - (a) one (b) two (c) three
  - (d) four (e) None of these
- **19.** How many pairs of letters are there in the word 'EDUCATION', each of which have as many letters between then in the word as they have between them in the English alphabet?

(a) one(b) two(c) three(d) four(e) more than four

**XXIEW** 

**20.** If four letter word is formed from 1<sup>st</sup>, 3<sup>rd</sup>, 5<sup>th</sup> and 5<sup>th</sup> letter of TRANSLATE then what is the 3<sup>rd</sup> letter of newly formed word? If more than one meaningful word is formed, then the answer will be Z.

(a) L	(b) T	(c) A
(d) S	(e) Z	

**Directions (21-25):** Read the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Twelve people are sitting in two parallel rows containing six people each in such a way that there is an equal distance between adjacent persons. In row 1 - P, Q, R, S, T and U are seated (but not necessarily in the same order) and all of them are facing south. In row 2 - A, B, C, D, E and F are seated (but not necessarily in the same order) and all of them are facing North. Therefore, in the given seating arrangement each member seated in a row faces another member of the other row. P faces D. U does not face A, who sits left to E but not immediate left. R sit at one of the ends and diagonally opposite to B. Three persons sit between B and F, who does not face U. C sits immediate left to D but does not faces S. Two persons sit between Q and U, none of them sits at the end. The one who faces T sits  $2^{nd}$  right to A.

**21.** Who among the following faces A?

	(a) S (d) R	(b) T (e) none of these	(c) Q
22.	How many perso (a) No One (d) three	ons sit to the right (b) one (e) four	of R? (c) two
23.		wing five form a g es not belongs to t (b) T (e) A	
24.		y R is related to C g the following is r (b) T (e) Q	
25.	Who among the (a) R (d) S	following sit 3rd r (b) T (e) Q	ight to U? (c) P

**Directions (26-30):** Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below: In a certain code language 'left right centre' is written as 'yo vo na', 'ahead below behind' is written as 'sa ra la',

'above centre right' is written as 'ha vo na', and 'behind below above' is written as 'ha ra la'.

**26.** What is the code for 'left'?

(a) sa	(b) ha	(c) yo
(d) na	(e) None of these	

27.	'behind' will be w	vritten as?	
	(a) ra	(b) ha	(c) la
	(d) Either (a) or	(c)	(e) None of these
28.	What is the code	for 'ahead'?	
	(a) sa	(b) yo	(c) la

(d) ha	(e) Can't be	determined

29.	What does 'h	na' stand for?	
	(a) behind	(b) below	(c) ahead
	(d) above	(e) None of these	

**30.** What is the code for 'centre'?

(a) la	(b) yo	(c) sa
(d) ha	(e)Can't be dete	ermined

**Directions (31-35):** Study the following information and answer the questions given below:

There are eleven boxes placed one above the other. Five boxes are placed between F and T. Not more than five boxes are kept above T. Two boxes are kept between T and M. Three boxes are kept between M and S and M is kept at one of the positions above S. There are only three boxes kept above the box J. One box is kept between R and S. Two boxes are kept between R and H. Box D is kept at one of the positions below box K and at one of the positions above box C which is not above R. Box E is kept immediately above K.

- **31.** How many boxes are placed between J and R?
  - (a) 5 (b) 6 (c) 3
  - (d) 4 (e) None of these
- **32.** Which of the following statement is true regarding C?
  - (a) C is placed at one of the positions above D
  - (b) C is placed immediately below F.
  - (c) R is placed just above C
  - (d) C is placed at the bottom most position
  - (e) None of these

**33.** Which of the following is not true regarding *J*?

- (a) J is immediately below box T
- (b) One of the boxes below J is D
- (c) Number of boxes between J and S is four
- (d) One of the boxes above J is K
- (e) One box is kept between J and M
- 34. Number of boxes above K is one less than the number of boxes below \_\_\_\_\_?
  (a) S
  (b) R
  (c) F
  (d) D
  (e) None of these
- 35. How many boxes are there between M and H?(a) One(b) Two(c) Three(d) None(e) More than three

**Directions (36-40):** In each of the question, relationships between some elements are shown in the statements. These statements are followed by conclusions numbered I and II. Read the statements and give the answer.

- (a) If only conclusion I follows.
- (b) If only conclusion II follows.
- (c) If either conclusion I or II follows.
- (d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.
- (e) If both conclusions I and II follow.

**36.** Statements:  $C \le L = E \le R \le K = P \ge 0$ Conclusions: I. P = C II. C < P

- $\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{39. Statements:} & F \leq B = I \leq C = A \geq S > E \\ \textbf{Conclusions:} & \textbf{I}. \ S \geq B & \textbf{II. } F > E \end{array}$

## **Quantitative Aptitude**

**Directions (41-45):** Study the table given below and answer the following Question

Company	Total employee	Employee in HR dept	% of Female in HR dept
Α	300	80	75
В	250	50	80
С	400	100	60
D	200	60	60

**41.** Find the average no. of Females in HR department together ?

(a) 54	(b) 46	(c) 49
(d) 50	(e) 52	

- 42. Females in the HR dept of company C is what % more than male in HR department of company A ?
  (a) 250% (b) 200% (c) 100%
  (d) 300% (e) 150%
- **43.** If total no. of employee in E is 25% more than D and no. of employee in HR dept is same as in company C, then employee other than HR dept in company E is what % of other dept employee in company B.

(a) 60%	(b) 80%	(c) 75%
(d) 50%	(e) 55%	

**44.** Find the difference between males of HR dept in company C and D together and females of HR dept in company B and C together ?

(c) 48

- (a) 36 (b) 42 (d) 40 (e) 30
  - a) 40 (e) 30
- 45. Find the average no. of employee other than HR dept. in A, B and C together ?(a) 280 (b) 270 (c) 220
  - (d) 300 (e) 240
- 46. If there are total 150 females in company C then how many female employees are there other than females of HR department(a) 90 (b) 100 (c) 80
  - (d) 110 (e) 120

**Directions (47-51):** Find the missing term in the following number series:

47.	1864, 1521, 1305, ? , 1116, 1089		
	(a) 1160	(b) 1180	(c) 1095
	(d) 1205	(e) 1220	
48.	18, ?, 9, 18, 72, 5	76	
	(a) 12	(b) 9	(c) 18

- (a) 12 (b) 9 (c) 1 (d) 10 (e) 6
- **49.** 12, 6.5, 7.5, 12.75, 27.5, ? (a) 66.5 (b) 68.75 (c) 63.75 (d) 71.25 (e) None of these
- **50.** 5, 15, 50, ?, 1030, 6185 (a) 210 (b) 205 (d) 200 (e) 195
- **51.** 130, 154, 186, ?, 274, 330 (a) 216 (b) 220 (c) 240 (d) 226 (e) 230
- **52.** If a boat travels 18 km more in downstream than in upstream in 3 hr. and if the speed of the Boat in still water is 20 km/hr. find the distance travelled by boat in downstream in 4 hr.?

(a) 86	(b) 92	(c) 68
(d) 96	(e) None of these	<u>e</u>

**53.** If A invested Rs. 12000 at some rate of interest of S.I and B joined him after 3 months investing 16000 at same rate of interest if A leaves before 2 month of completion, then what will be the share of B's profit after 1 year if total profit is 22000 Rs. ?

(a) 10000	(b) 14000
(d) 8000	(e) 11000



- 54. If ratio of ages of P and Q before 4 year ago is 5 : 4 and after 12 years sum of their ages will be 68 years, their what was P's age 2 years ago ?
  (a) 24 years
  (b) 22 years
  (c) 18 years
  (d) 26 years
  (e) 20 years
- **55.** If Pipes A and B can fill a tank in 15 min and 20 mins respectively and pipe C empties the tank in 12 mins. what will be the time taken by A, B and C together to fill the tank completely?

(a) 25 min	(b) 30 min	(c) 40 min
(d) 20 min	(e)35 min	

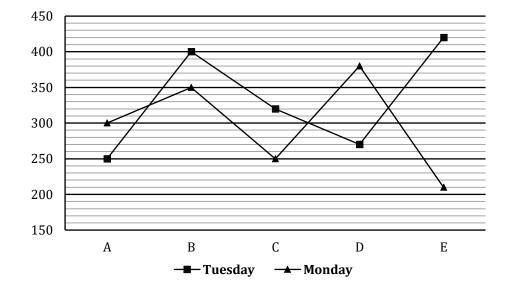
**Directions (56-60):** Solve the given quadratic equations and mark the correct option based on your answer—

- (a) x > y
- (b) x < y(c)  $x \ge y$
- (d)  $x \le y$

(e) x = y or there is no relationship

<b>56.</b> (i) $x^2 = 81$	(ii) $y^2 - 18y + 81 = 0$
<b>57.</b> (i) $4x^2 - 24x + 32 = 0$	<b>(ii)</b> y <sup>2</sup> - 8y + 15 = 0
<b>58.</b> (i) $x^2 - 21x + 108 = 0$	<b>(ii)</b> y <sup>2</sup> – 17y + 72 = 0
<b>59.</b> (i) $x^2 - 11x + 30 = 0$	<b>(ii)</b> y <sup>2</sup> - 15y + 56 = 0
<b>60.</b> (i) $x^3 = 512$	<b>(ii)</b> y <sup>2</sup> = 64

- **61.** If a shopkeeper marks an item 50% above its CP and if 12% discount is given on the marked price and the shopkeeper makes profit of 256 Rs, then what will be the actual cost price of the item?
  - (a) 1000 Rs. (b) 800 Rs. (c) 750 Rs. (d) 1200 Rs. (e) 900 Rs.



**62.** The no. of item sold by A and C together is how much more or less then items sold by B and D together on both days?

0	5	
(a) 250	(b) 280	(c) 300

- (d) 320 (e) 350
- 63. What is the average no. of items sold by all five sellers on Monday ?(a) 298 (b) 305 (c) 280

(d) 300 (e) 315

- 64. Items sold by B and C on Tuesday together is what % more than same sellers on Monday together ?
  (a) 25% (b) 30% (c) 20%
  (d) 15% (e) 24%
- 65. Find the difference between items sold by B, D, E on Monday together items sold by B and E on Tuesday together
  (a) 150
  (b) 180
  (c) 160
  (d) 120
  (e) 200
- 66. Item sold On Monday by C and E together is approximately what percentage of total items sold by A and B together on Tuesday?
  (a) 71%
  (b) 80%
  (c) 55%

(d) 85% (e)65%	

- 67. Find the difference between the average items sold by A and B together on Monday and average of items sold by B and C together on Tuesday?
  (a) 45 (b) 35 (c) 25 (d) 40 (e) 50
- **68.** If A start from P with speed 60 km/hr at 8:00 am and B starts with speed 70 km/hr. at 8 : 30 am from Q and total distance between P and Q is 680 km, find at what time they will cross each other?

(a) 2 : 30pm (b) 1 : 30pm (c) 12 : 30pm (d) 3 : 00pm (e) 4 : 00pm **69.** If a person invested 6000 at T% S.I for 3 year and same amount at (T + 5)% CI for 2 year and difference between both interest is 60 Rs. then find T?(in %)

(c) 20

(a) 15	(b) 18
(d) 24	(e) 25

**Direction (70–74):** Read the data carefully and answer the question.

- There are 1800 students in two school 'A' & 'B' and three streams in each school i.e. art, science & commerce.18  $\frac{3}{4}$ % of total students in school A arein commerce stream and 28  $\frac{4}{7}$ % of total students in school B arein science stream. Sum of total students in commerce stream in A & science stream in B is 420. 19  $\frac{1}{21}$ % of total students in school B are in commerce stream and 50% of total students in school A are in At stream.
- 70. Total students in art stream in A is what percent more than total students in science stream in B?
  (a) 75%
  (b) 70%
  (c) 90%
  (d) 100%
  (e) 110%
- 71. Find the ratio of total students in commerce stream in B to total students in science stream in A?
  (a) 8 : 15
  (b) 8 : 17
  (c) 8 : 13
  (d) 8 : 11
  (e) 8 : 9
- 72. If in school C total students are720 students and total students in science stream of school Care 25% more than total students in commerce stream in school B, then find total students of art & commerce stream in school C is how much less than total students in art and commerce stream in school A?
  (a) 120 (b) 110 (c) 150 (d) 100 (e) 140

**73.** Find the average number of students in science stream in school A & B?

(a) 250	(b) 270	(c) 240
(d) 200	(e) 225	

**74.** If out of total students in art stream of school A & B ratio of boys to girl is 5 : 3 and 7 : 4 respectively, then find difference between boys and girls in art stream of school A & B together?

(a) 220	(b) 225	(c) 240
(d) 248	(e) 224	

75. P invested 60% more than Q and R invested 20% more than Q. If ratio of investment time-period (P: Q: R) is 2: 4: 3 and the sum of profit shares of Q and R is Rs. 8550 then find the profit share of P.

(a) Rs. 3200 (b) Rs. 4000 (c) Rs. 2400 (d) Rs. 3600 (e) Rs. 3000

76. When a person sold an article, his profit percent is 60% of the selling price. If the cost price is increased by 75% and the selling price remains the same, then find decrement in the profit is what percent of the selling price of the article?

(a) 25%	(b) 30%	(c) 40%
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(d) 27.5% (e) None of these

- **77.** Area of I<sup>st</sup>circle and circumference of I<sup>IIII</sup> circle is 1386 cm<sup>2</sup> and 176 cm respectively. There is a square whose side is  $35 \frac{5}{7}\%$  of twice of sum of the radius of both the circles. Find the perimeter of the square (in cm)? (a) 132 (b) 136 (c) 140
- (d) 116 (e) 124
  78. There are 5 red, 6 black and 5 blue balls in a bag. Out of these balls, four balls are picked at random from the bag. Then, what is the probability that one is red,

two are black an	d one is blue ball?	
(a) $\frac{75}{362}$	(b) $\frac{75}{364}$	$(c)\frac{71}{362}$
(d) $\frac{70}{363}$	(e) $\frac{5}{26}$	

**79.** An article is marked  $66\frac{2}{3}\%$  above the cost price and loss incurred on selling that article is 25% of the discount given on it. Then, find the discount % given?

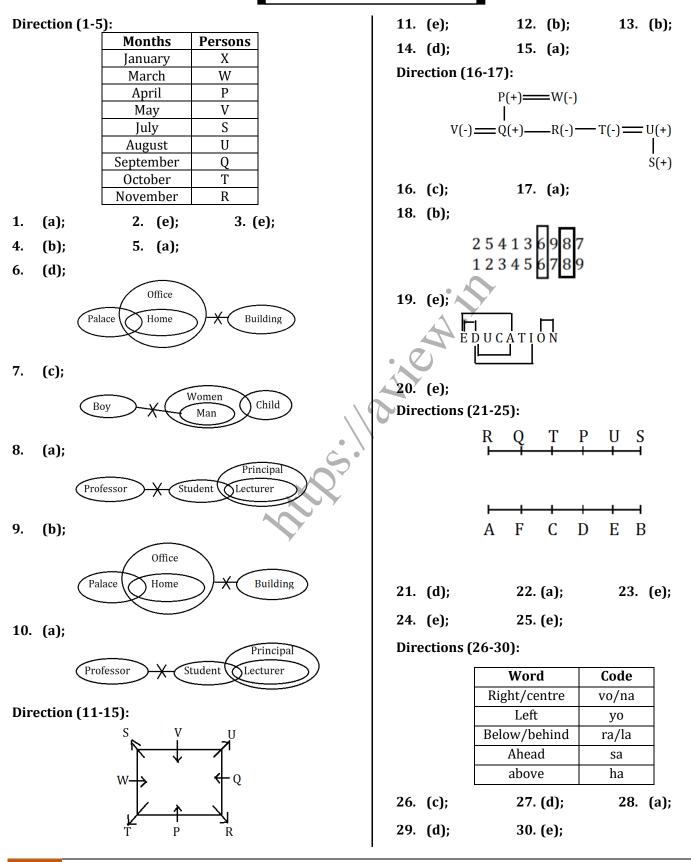
(a) 
$$48\frac{1}{3}\%$$
 (b)  $53\frac{1}{3}\%$  (c)  $58\frac{1}{3}\%$   
(d)  $63\frac{1}{3}\%$  (e)  $60\%$ 

80. A train travelling at 72 km/hr. classes a platform of 160 m in 18 second and another train travelling at 90 km/hr crosses the same platform in 15 second. Find the length of another train?

-	•	
(a) 160 m	(b) 180 m	(c) 140 m
(d) 200 m	(e) 215 m	

# Solutions

#### **REASONING ABILITY**





**II.**  $I \ge L$  (False)

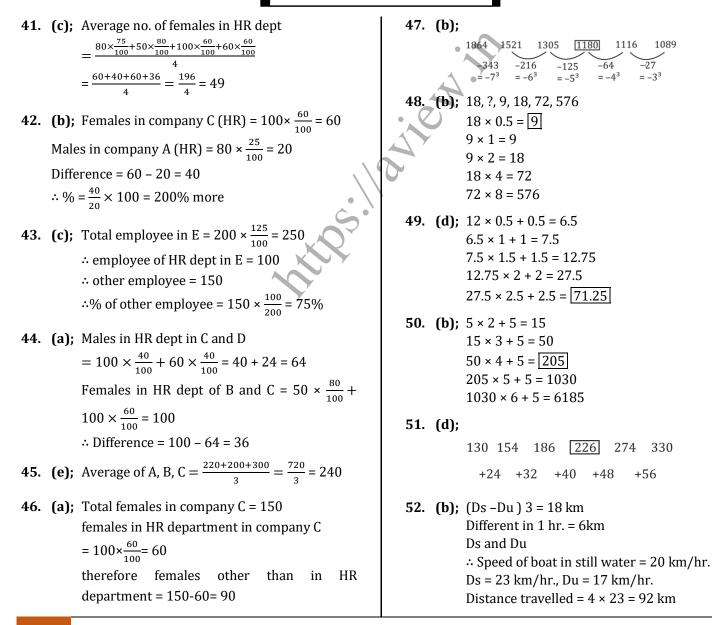
#### Directions (31-35):

,.	•					
	Boxes					
	Е					
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	Н					
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	F					
	S C					
	C					

31.	(c);	32. (d);	33.	(Č);			
34.	(c);	35. (d);					
Direction (36-40):							
36.	(c); I. P = C	(False)	<b>II.</b> C < P	(False)			
37.	<b>(e); I.</b> H < W	/ (True)	<b>II.</b> G > H	(True)			
38.	(a); I.Q <d< th=""><th>(True)</th><th>II. C &lt; A</th><th>(False)</th></d<>	(True)	II. C < A	(False)			
39.	(d); I. S ≥ B	(False)	<b>II.</b> F > E	(False)			

**40. (a); I.** G < N (True)

## **Quantitative Aptitude**





53. (c);

$$\begin{array}{cccc}
A & B \\
12000 & 16000 \\
\times 10 & \times 9 \\
120 & : & 144 \\
5 & : & 6 \\
\end{array}$$

: B's share = 
$$22000 \times \frac{6}{11} = 12000$$

54. (b); P Q

-4 5 4 +12 P + Q = 68 Age increased in 16 year = 32 years Sum of Age of P and Q before 4 years = 36  $\therefore$  5x + 4x = 36 X = 4 P's age 2 years ago = 5x + 2 = 22 years

#### 55. (b);

А В С 15 20 12  $\therefore$  tank filled in 1 min = 2 units Total time =  $\frac{60}{2}$  = 30 minutes **56.** (d);  $x^2 = 81$  $x = \pm 9$  $Y^2 - 18y + 81 = 0$  $(y - 9)^2 = 0$ : y = 9, 9 $\therefore x \le y$ 57. (e);  $4x^2 - 24x + 30 = 0$  $4x^2 - 16x - 8x + 32 = 0$ 4x(x-4)-8(x-4)=0x = 4, 2 $y^2 - 8y + 15 = 0$  $y^2 - 5y - 3y + 15 = 0$ y(y-5)-3(y-5) = 0:: y = 5, 3∴ No relation exists **58.** (c);  $x^2 - 21x + 108 = 0$  $x^2 - 9x - 12x + 108 = 0$ x(x-9) - 12(x-9) = 0x = 9, 12 $y^2 - 17y + 72 = 0$  $\therefore y^2 - 8y - 9y + 72 = 0$ y(y-8) - 9(y-8) = 0:: y = 8, 9

**59.** (b);  $x^2 - 11x + 30 = 0$  $x^2 - 6x - 5x + 30 = 0$  $\therefore x(x-6) - 5(x-6) = 0$ x = 6, 5  $y^2 - 15y + 56 = 0$  $y^2 - 7y - 8y + 56 = 0$ y(y-7) - 8(y-7) = 0∴ y = 7, 8  $\therefore x < y$ **60.** (c);  $x^3 = 512$  $x = \sqrt[3]{512} = 8$  $v^2 = 64$  $y = \sqrt{64} = \pm 8$  $\therefore x \ge y$ **61.** (b); Let CP = 100 x  $\therefore$  marked price = 150x  $\therefore$  selling price after giving discount = 132x :: 32x = 256x = 8 : CP = Rs 800 62. (b); Item sold by A and C = 550 + 570 = 1120 Item sold by B and D = 750 + 650 = 1400 ∴ diff. =1400 - 1120 = 280 63. (a); Average =  $\frac{300+350+250+380+210}{5} = \frac{1490}{5} = 298$ 64. (c); Item sold by B and C on Monday = 350 + 250 = 600Item sold by B and C on Tuesday =400 + 320 = 720 $\therefore \%$  increase =  $120 \times \frac{100}{600} = 20\%$ 65. (d); Items sold on Monday by B, D and E = 350 + 380 + 210 = 940Item sold on Tuesday by B and E = 400 + 420= 820 $\therefore$  diff = 940 - 820 = 120

 $\therefore x \ge y$ 

Streams Α Art 480 440 Commerce 180 160 Science 300 240 **70.** (d); Required percentage =  $\frac{480-240}{240} \times 100 = 100\%$ **71.** (a); Required ratio =  $\frac{160}{300}$  = 8 : 15 72. (e); Total student art & commerce stream in C  $= 720 - 160 \times \frac{125}{100} = 520$ **Required difference** = (480 + 180) - 520 = 140**73.** (b); Required average  $=\frac{300+240}{2}=\frac{540}{2}=270$ 74. (c); Total boys in art stream of school A & B together  $= 480 \times \frac{5}{8} + 440 \times \frac{7}{11} = 300 + 280 = 580$ Fotal girls in art stream of school A & B together  $=480 \times \frac{3}{8} + 440 \times \frac{4}{11} = 180 + 160 = 340$ Required difference = 580 - 340 = 240(d); Let the investment of Q = 100x Investment of P = 160xInvestment of R = 120x Ratio of profit: Ρ Q R  $160x \times 2$   $100x \times 4$   $120x \times 3$ : 10 8 : 9 ATQ, 19 unit = Rs. 8550 8 unit = 450 × 8 = Rs. 3600 **76.** (b); Let the selling price be 250x then, profit = 150x CP=250x - 150x = 100xNow, new C.P. =  $100x \times \frac{175}{100} = 175x$ New S.P. = 250xNew profit = 250x - 175x = 75xRequired % =  $\frac{150x-75x}{250x} \times 100 = 30\%$ **77.** (c); Circumference of any circle =  $2\pi \times$  radius Radius of 1<sup>st</sup> circle =  $\sqrt{\frac{1386}{\pi}}$  = 21 cm Radius of  $2^{nd}$  circle =  $\frac{176}{2\pi}$  = 28 cm Side of square =  $\frac{5}{14} \times 2 \times (21 + 28) = 35$  cm Perimeter of square =  $4 \times 35 = 140$  cm

66. (a); Item sold by C and E on Monday = 250 + 210 = 460Item sold by A and B together on Tuesday = 400 + 250 = 650 $\therefore ? = 460 \times \frac{100}{650}$  $\approx 71\%$  (approx)

67. (b); Avg. by A and B on Monday =  $\frac{650}{2}$  = 325 Avg. of B and C on Tuesday =  $\frac{720}{2}$  = 360 Diff. = 360 - 325 = 35

68. (b);

Ρ B А 8:30 8 am 60km/hr 70 km/hr Dist travelled by A in  $\frac{1}{2}$  hr = 30 km Remaining distance to be covered = 680 - 30= 650 km Relative speed = 60 + 70 = 130 $\therefore \text{ time taken} = \frac{650}{130} = 5 \text{ hr}$ ∴ time = 8 : 30 + 5 hr = 1 : 30 pm **69.** (a); By going with the options Interest received at SI =  $\frac{6000 \times 3 \times 15}{100}$  = 2700 Rs :: T + 5 = 20%Interest received after 2 yrs at  $CI = \frac{6000 \times 44}{100}$ = 2640 ∴ Difference = 2700 – 2640 = 60 Rs T=15% **Direction (70–74):** Let total students in A = xAnd, total students in B = yTotal students in school A in commerce stream  $= x \times \frac{75}{4} \times \frac{1}{100} = \frac{3x}{16}$ Total students in school B in science stream  $= y \times \frac{200}{7} \times \frac{1}{100} = \frac{2y}{7}$ Given,  $\frac{3x}{16} + \frac{2y}{7} = 420$  ... (i ... (i) And x + y = 1800... (ii) So, from (i) and (ii), Total students in school A = 960 And total students in school B = 840Total students in school B in commerce stream  $=\frac{400}{21} \times \frac{1}{100} \times 840 = 160$ Total students in school A in art stream  $=\frac{1}{2} \times 960 = 480$ Now, total students in school A in science stream  $=960 - \frac{3}{16} \times 960 - 480 = 300$ 

And total students in school B in art stream

 $= 840 - \frac{2}{7} \times 840 - 160 = 440$ 



- 78. (b); Ways to select 4 balls out of 16 balls =  $16_{C_4}$ Ways to select one red balls =  $5_{C_1}$ Ways to select two black balls =  $6_{C_2}$ Ways to select one blue balls =  $5_{C_1}$  $\therefore$  Required probability =  $\frac{5_{C_1} \times 6_{C_2} \times 5_{C_1}}{16_{C_4}} = \frac{75}{364}$
- **79. (b);** Let the cost price be Rs 3x Then the marked price= Rs 5x And let the discount given be Rs 4y Then loss incurred= Rs y

ATQ 3x - y = 5x - 4y 3y = 2xMarked price=Rs  $\frac{15}{2}y$ Required discount  $\% = \frac{4y}{\frac{15}{2}y} \times 100 = 53\frac{1}{3}\%$ 80. (e); Speed of 1<sup>st</sup> train =  $72 \times \frac{5}{18} = 20$  m/s  $\therefore$  Dist travelled by 1<sup>st</sup> train =  $20 \times 18 = 360$  m  $\therefore$  length of train (1<sup>st</sup>) = 360 - 160 = 200 m Speed of 2<sup>nd</sup> train =  $90 \times \frac{5}{18} = 25$  m/s  $\therefore$  Distance travelled =  $25 \times 15 = 375$  m  $\therefore$  length of 2<sup>nd</sup> train = 375 - 160 = 215 m

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Attos. 12 Art